

who could conveniently walk to the church but chose not to attend Mass; ironically though, they sent their children to the Catholic school. Yes, such behavior really is indicative of turning ones back on the Lord and committing a mortal sin.

God must come first in our lives. On Sunday, our primary duty is to worship God at Mass as a Church and to be nourished with His grace. The *Didascalia*, a 3<sup>rd</sup> century writing, exhorted, "Leave everything on the Lord's Day and run diligently to your assembly, because it is your praise of God. Otherwise, what excuse will they make to God, those who do not come together on the Lord's Day to hear the word of life and feed on the divine nourishment which lasts forever?" Yes indeed, what excuse will they make?

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## Is Missing Mass on Holy Days Sinful?

*Fr. Bill Peckman  
Explains the Hard Truth*

People who willfully exempt oneself from Mass on a Holy Day carry the consequence of being in mortal sin. It is the same exact consequence for those who willfully exempt themselves from going to any Sunday Mass. That's right: to willfully exempt yourself from Sunday Mass is mortally sinful. Period.

I am not talking about those shut in by infirmity, hospitalization, illness, caring for an ill person, incarceration, or similar maladies.

Just because I have so busied my life with building earthly kingdoms through work and sports, or find pleasure more to my taste does not exempt me from Mass. God isn't something else I fit into the schedule: He is the first priority.

I didn't invent the concept of mortal sin. Really...I didn't. Just because mortal sin is rarely spoken of in most parishes (and hence the dearth of confession times) doesn't mean the Church quit teaching it. Check your catechism sometime.

Let's be honest: if spending time in worship of our Lord is too much of an inconvenience for one or two hours a week, then is our desire for heaven about union with God or just another selfish desire for personal comfort ... eternal level?

I know some people's jobs, like emergency personnel, do come with crazy hours by necessity. Everyone else — given that in many parishes there are multiple Mass times on Saturday night and Sunday, effort should be made.

I don't want to sound indignant, but if Catholics had any clue what actually happens at the Eucharist, I would have to add Masses.

Being a good pastor, I want all of my flock in heaven ... and blowing off God here jeopardizes that. So, a harsh truth is more needed than a comfortable lie.

*(From ChurchPOP.com)*

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## Missing Mass

*Fr. William P. Saunders, PhD*

Rather than just approaching this question from the angle of "missing Mass is a sin," we should first call to mind the importance of the Mass. Each Sunday, we gather together as a Church with hearts filled with joy to worship Almighty God. We remember and profess our Faith once again in the mystery of our salvation: Jesus Christ, the Son of God, suffered, died, and rose for our salvation. The saving actions of Holy Thursday, Good Friday and Easter Sunday coalesce in the Holy Sacrifice of the Mass. The *Constitution on the Sacred Liturgy* of the Vatican Council II asserted, "For it is the liturgy through which, especially in the divine sacrifice of the Eucharist, 'the work of our redemption is accomplished,' and it is through the liturgy, especially that the faithful are enabled to express in their lives and manifest to others the mystery of Christ and the real nature of the true Church" (no. 2).

Moreover, at Mass each faithful Catholic is fed with abundant graces: First, we are nourished by the Word of God — God's eternal truth that has been revealed to us and recorded under the inspiration of the Holy Spirit. We then respond by professing our Holy Catholic Faith as presented in the Creed, saying not simply "I believe" as a

singular person, but "we believe" as part of the Church.

Second, if we are in a state of grace, then we have the opportunity to receive our Lord in the Holy Eucharist. We firmly believe that our Lord is truly present in the Holy Eucharist, and that we receive His body, blood, soul and divinity in Holy Communion. Not only does the Holy Eucharist unite us intimately with the Lord, but also unites us in communion with our brothers and sisters throughout the universal Church. The Holy Eucharist is such a precious gift! In his encyclical *Ecclesia de Eucharistia (On the Eucharist in Its Relationship to the Church)*, John Paul II underscored this point: "The Eucharist's particular effectiveness in promoting communion is one of the reasons for the importance of Sunday Mass" and then, quoting his own apostolic letter *Novo Millennio Ineunte*, "It is the privileged place where communion is ceaselessly proclaimed and nurtured. Precisely through sharing in the Eucharist, *the Lord's Day* also becomes *the Day of the Church*, where she can effectively exercise her role as the sacrament of unity" (no. 41).

With this in mind, no one should simply think of attending Mass as fulfilling an obligation. To attend Mass is a privilege, and any faithful Catholic should want to attend Mass. Our perspective should not be, "I have got to do this"; rather, we should think, "I get to do this."

Nevertheless, because the Mass offers such precious gifts, provides the nourishment of great graces, and unites us as a Church, we do indeed have a sacred obligation to attend Mass. Remember that the Third Command-

ment stated, "Keep Holy the Sabbath." For the Jewish people, the Old Testament Sabbath was on Saturday, marking the "day of rest" after creation. For Christians, we have always kept holy Sunday, the day of the resurrection. Just as creation unfolded on the first day of the week with God commanding, "Let there be light," Our Lord, the Light who came to shatter the darkness of sin and death, rose from the dead on that first day marking the new creation.

Given how precious the Mass is plus the Old Testament precedent which was rightly adapted by the Church, the *Code of Canon Law* (no. 1246) proscribes, "Sunday is the day on which the paschal mystery is celebrated in light of the apostolic tradition and is to be observed as the foremost holy day of obligation in the universal Church." Moreover, "On Sundays and other holy days of obligation, the faithful are bound to participate in the Mass" (no. 1247). Therefore, the *Catechism* teaches, "Those who deliberately fail in this obligation commit grave sin" (no. 2181), and grave sin is indeed mortal sin. Pope John Paul II, repeated this precept in his apostolic letter *Dies Domini (Observing and Celebrating the Day of the Lord*, no. 47, 1998) and again in his encyclical *Ecclesia de Eucharistia (On the Eucharist in Its Relationship to the Church*, no. 41, 2003): "The faithful have the obligation to attend Mass, unless they are seriously impeded."

Of course, serious circumstances arise which excuse a person from attending Mass, such as if a person is sick, has to deal with an emergency, or cannot find a Mass to attend without real burden. A pastor may also dispense a person from the obligation of attending Mass for serious reason. For

instance, no one, including Our Lord, expects a person to attend Mass who is so sick he cannot physically attend Mass or may pose a threat to the health of others; there is no virtue in further hurting one's own health plus infecting everyone else in the church. Or, in the case of a blizzard, a person must prudently judge whether he can safely travel to attend Mass without seriously risking his own life and the lives of the others. When such serious circumstances arise, which prevent a person from attending Mass, he should definitely take time to pray, read the prayers and readings of the Mass in the Missal, or watch the Mass on television and at least participate in spirit. Keep in mind when such serious circumstances arise, a person does not commit mortal sin for missing Mass.

In examining this question, a person must really reflect on how valuable the Mass and the Holy Eucharist are. Every day, faithful Catholics in the People's Republic of China risk not only educational and economic opportunities but also their very lives to attend Mass. In mission territories, people travel many miles to attend Mass; an African missionary told me that some of his people walk 10 miles to come to Mass on Sunday, and then have to walk 10 miles back. They take the risk and they make the sacrifice because they truly believe in the Mass and Our Lord's presence in the Holy Eucharist.

When a person negligently "bags Mass," to go shopping, catch-up on work, sleep a few extra hours, attend a social event, or not interrupt vacation, the person is allowing something to take the place of God.

Something becomes more valuable than the Holy Eucharist. Sadly, I have known families